

Lower Bertrand Creek

Summary of 2018 Surface Water Monitoring Program Results | November 2019



The Washington State Department of Agriculture (WSDA) routinely monitors surface water throughout the state for the presence of pesticides. The monitoring is done between March and September, the typical season for pesticide use, and includes checking general water quality conditions and streamflow. State and federal agencies use this data to evaluate water quality and make exposure assessments for pesticides registered for use in Washington State. In 2018, WSDA monitored 16 sites in Washington, two of them in Whatcom County.



Watershed and site information

Sampling history: 2013 - present

Watershed area: 26,900 acres (~42 square miles)

Area in U.S. agricultural use: 8,000 acres (~30% of total watershed acreage)

Main crops: Grass hay, caneberries, field corn, blueberries, pasture, and potatoes

Fish habitat: Chinook, coho, chum, and sockeye salmon; and steelhead
(SalmonScope: apps.wdfw.wa.gov/salmonscope/)

Sampling dates: 26 sampling visits, March 20 – Sept. 11

Water testing:

- WSDA tested for 144 current and legacy chemicals (50 insecticides, 54 herbicides, 20 fungicides, 15 pesticide degradates, 2 synergists, 1 antimicrobial, 1 insect repellent, and 1 wood preservative).
- Samples were analyzed at Manchester Environmental Lab, Port Orchard, Washington.
- WSDA compares detected pesticide concentrations to WSDA assessment criteria, which are half of state and federal water quality criteria. Each pesticide has its own assessment criteria, based on its toxicity to aquatic animals, insects, and plants.
- WSDA identifies Pesticides of Concern (POCs) as current-use pesticides that have been found somewhere in the state above WSDA's assessment criteria in recent years.

Notes:

- WSDA monitors Bertrand Creek at 2 locations: Upper Bertrand located near the Canadian border and Lower Bertrand located 6.75 miles downstream. Using both sampling locations provides an opportunity to compare potential pesticide inputs from Canada to pesticide detections downstream in the United States.

Results and Conclusions

- There were 643 total pesticide detections in Lower Bertrand Creek from 5 different use categories: 26 types of herbicides, 11 fungicides, 12 insecticides, 9 degradates, and 2 other pesticide-related chemicals. This substantial increase from 2017 is largely due to new equipment at the lab and does not necessarily reflect an increase in pesticide use.
- Of the total pesticide detections, 30 were above WSDA's assessment criteria.
- The POCs bifenthrin, diazinon, diuron, fipronil, imidacloprid, malathion, metolachlor, pentachlorophenol, and thiamethoxam were detected.
- Every detection of bifenthrin, imidacloprid, and pentachlorophenol at this site was higher than WSDA's assessment criteria.
- Imidacloprid and malathion have also been detected in Lower Bertrand Creek in previous years at concentrations known to negatively affect aquatic ecosystems.

Recommendations

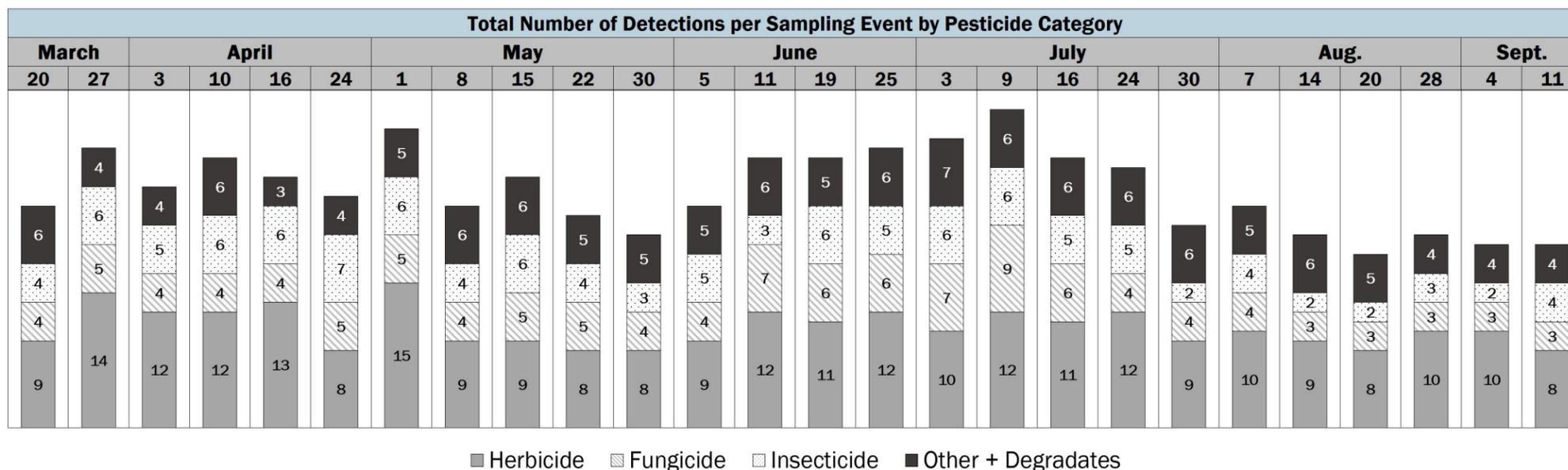
- **Make use of natural protections**
 - Use buffers, filter strips, sediment basins, ground cover, and setbacks.
- **Be informed**
 - Read and follow pesticide label directions, and be familiar with active ingredients.
 - Plan applications using the weather forecast to reduce the chances of drift or runoff.
 - Review WSDA's POCs and choose less-toxic pesticides when possible.
- **Care for your equipment and products**
 - Calibrate, maintain, and inspect application equipment regularly.
 - Properly dispose of all unneeded pesticides. Visit agr.wa.gov/wastepesticide to learn about waste pesticide collection events.

The calendar to the right shows the concentration in µg/L and date sampled of each WSDA POC. This calendar does not include all the pesticides WSDA found during the growing season. Detected concentrations that exceed WSDA's assessment criteria have a higher potential to cause harm to aquatic ecosystems. The “-” signifies a sample or measurement that was not collected or could not be analyzed.

Washington State's Pesticides of Concern Detected and their Corresponding Sampling Dates and Concentrations																											
Month		March			April			May			June			July			Aug.			Sept.							
Day of the Month	Use*	20	27	3	10	16	24	1	8	15	22	30	5	11	19	25	3	9	16	24	30	7	14	20	28	4	11
Bifenthrin	I		0.003		0.005					0.003																	
Diazinon	I				0.088	0.007	0.007	0.009	0.003	0.036	0.008	0.002	0.003			0.006	0.003										
Diuron	H															0.003	0.053	0.024	0.022	0.013	0.009	0.008	0.006	0.004	0.003	0.003	
Fipronil	I		0.005			0.002				0.002																	
Imidacloprid	I	0.034	0.060	0.030	0.040		0.024	0.036	0.008	0.013	0.009		0.006	0.029	0.009	0.009	0.017	0.065	0.014			0.018					
Malathion	I														0.006	0.106	0.026	0.021	0.014	0.011		0.005			0.004	0.004	
Metolachlor	H	0.007	0.019	0.024	0.065	0.023	0.020	0.009	0.005	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.012	0.006	0.009	0.003	0.008	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
Pentachlorophenol	WP					0.617																					
Thiamethoxam	I	0.026	0.011	0.086	0.054	0.030	0.030	0.060	0.062	0.050	0.053	0.050	0.044	0.056	0.108	0.058	0.062	0.055	0.056	0.046	0.039	0.047	0.038	0.043	0.049	0.063	0.060
Total suspended solids (mg/L)		3.0	59.0	3.0	7.0	15.0	6.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Streamflow (cubic ft/sec)		52.2	-	62.8	-	-	64.2	49.6	46.3	66.3	25.6	19.1	18.0	19.9	11.9	12.2	11.0	5.8	6.5	6.3	5.1	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	6.0
Precipitation (total in/week)		0.50	1.34	0.62	1.65	0.80	0.08	0.19	0	0.61	0	0	0.17	0.31	0.06	0.07	0.52	0.70	0.17	0.28	0.47	0	0.41	0.17	0.21	0.28	0.51

■ Exceeds Assessment Criteria ■ Below Assessment Criteria
 (* H: Herbicide, I: Insecticide, WP: Wood Preservative)

The graph below shows the total number of detections per sampling visit in each pesticide category. The category 'other' includes degradates and additional pesticide-related chemicals. Note that the number of detections between categories cannot be directly compared due to the different number of chemicals in each category and variability in analysis methods used.



In the triangle to the right, pesticides in the top section have one or more detections above WSDA assessment criteria. The total number of detections for each pesticide is in parentheses after the name, with more frequently detected pesticides listed first in each section. Please see agr.wa.gov/AgScience for more information.

